Clean Development Mechanism Sustainable Development co-Benefits Description Report¹

CDM project activity or programme of activities (PoA) information				
Title Man and Man Enterprise Improved Cooking Stoves CDM Programme in Ghana supported by Republic or Korea				
Pre-registration reference no.				
Reference no.	10430			
Туре	Programmes of Activities			
Sectoral Scope	3			
Host Party	Ghana			

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Contact information	
Title	Mrs
Name (first name, surname)	Aurélie LEPAGE
Organisation	AERA Group

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Overview of sustainable development co-Benefits

A. The extent of environmental co-Benefits:

		N/A	No	Slightly	Partly	Highly
	Reducing Sox	•				
	Reducing Nox				•	
	Reducing Fly ash	•				
	Reducing suspended particulate					•
_	matter (SPM)					-
Ą	Reducing Non Methane Volatile	•				
	Organic Compounds (NMVOCs)	•				
	Reducing Noise Pollution	•				
	Reducing Odors	•				
	Reducing Dust	•				
	Other air quality improvements					•
	Preventing end of life products/		•			
	equipment (solid waste)					
	Producing/using compost		•			
_	Producing/using manure, mineral		•			
Land	fertilizer or other soil nutrients					
73	Irrigation		•			
	Preventing soil erosion		•			
	Minimum tillage Other means to improve land		•			
	•		•			
	quality					
	Improving management/control of wastewater		•			
	Saving/conserving of water		•			
_	Improving reliability/accessibility		•			
Water	of water supply		•			
≶	Purification/cleaner water supply		•			
	Improving ecological state of water					
	bodies		•			
	Other means to improve water		•			
	Protecting mineral resources	•				
	Protecting/enhancing plant life			•		
Natural Resources	Protecting/enhancing species diversity			•		
Na ?esc	Protecting/enhancing forests					•
Œ	Protecting/enhancing other					
	depletable natural resources	•				

B. The extent of social co-Benefits:

		N/A	No	Slightly	Partly	Highly
	New long-term jobs					•
ps	New short-term jobs	•				
Jobs	New sources of income generation	•				
	Other employment opportunities	•				
∞ .	Disease prevention	•				
th 8	Reducing accidents				•	
Health Safety	Reducing crime	•				
Ĭ,	Preserving food	•				

	Reducing health damaging indoor air pollution		•		
	Enhancing health services Improving sanitation and waste	•			
	management Other health and safety	•			
	improvement Job-related training				•
tion	Enhanced educational services	•			
Education	Project-related knowledge dissemination	•			
	Other educational benefits	_	•		
	Improving working conditions Community or rural advancement	•		•	
	Poverty alleviation (more people above poverty level)			•	
Welfare	Improving wealth distribution/ generation of income and assets	•			
Š	Increased municipal revenues Optimized women's	•			
	empowerment .			•	
	Reduced traffic congestion	•			
	Other welfare benefits	•			

<u>C. The extent of economic co-Benefits:</u>

		N/A	No	Slightly	Partly	Highly
	New investments	•				
	New industrial/commercial activities	•				
£	New infrastructure	•				
Growth	Enhancement of productivity					•
Ġ	Reduction of production costs (services)	•				
	New business opportunities Other economic benefits	•				
	Improvement in supply of energy	•				
Energy	Access to energy Affordability and/or reliability of	•				
ᇤ	energy				•	
	Other energy improvements Introducing/developing/diffusing imported technology	•				
Technology	Introducing/developing/diffusing local technology					•
orc	Adaptation of new technologies to	•				
ect	local circumstances					
-	Know-how activities for a technology	•				
	Other technological benefits	•				
of	Reduction of foreign dependency	•				
Balance of payments	Other macro-economic benefits	•				

D. Further information:

Information required	Yes	No	N/A
Information required			•

E. Monitoring procedure of activity-level sustainable development co-benefits indicators

	Yes	No	N/A
Information required	•		

Detailed description

A. Environmental co-Benefits

	Indicator	Specification	Extent			
	The CDM improves air qualit	y by reducing air pollutants as follows:				
	SOx		N/A			
	NOx	Improved Cooking Stoves enables a more efficient combustion of charcoal, resulting in less NO2 particles, which is a combustion pollutant https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/resources/documents/combustion-pollutants-indoor-air-quality	Partly			
	Fly ash emissions		N/A			
Air	SPM	Improved cooking stoves enables a more efficient combustion of charcoal, resulting in less SPM (Suspended Particulate Matter) emissions, including PM10 particles. On this PoA 10430, the majority of the monitoring survey respondents have confirmed they felt less exposed to smoke since they use the project stove.	Highly			
	NMVOCs		N/A			
	Noise		N/A			
	Odors		N/A			
	Dust		N/A			
	Other air quality improvements	Most assessed beneficial impact of Improved cooking stoves on air quality is that they reduce the amount of carbon monoxide (CO) emissions, which are associated with several harmful effects, thanks to a more complete combustion of charcoal	Highly			
	The CDM protects or enhance depletable natural resources as follows:					
	Mineral resources		N/A			
	Plant life	By reducing the woody biomass fuel for combustion, improved cooking stoves indirectly positively impact the plant life and its habitat status, as less withdrawal of resource is induced	Slightly			
al ces	Species diversity	Similarly, as species depend on their habitat wellbeing, an indirect positive impact is induced	Slightly			
Natural Resources	Forests	Like many developing countries, Ghanaians' primary energy source is biomass (1). The use of these sources as fuel has had a substantial impact on Ghana's forests. Improved cooking stoves help protecting Ghana's forests from further degradation by more efficiently using and therefore reducing reliance on natural resources. (2) (1) https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0973082621001241 (2) https://cleancooking.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/334-1.pdf	Highly			
	Other depletable natural resources		N/A			

B. Social co-Benefits

	Indicator	Specification				
	The CDM creates new job oppor	rtunities including income generation as follows:				
sqof	New long term jobs	The PoA creates employement (production, marketing, distribution, after-sales services) throughout the PoA lifecycle. 10 jobs were created since the start of the project activity regarding CPA1 (VCS latest MR), thus a total of 20 jobs for both CPAs at PoA level. New long-term jobs > 1 year - 20	Highly			
	New short term jobs	New short-term jobs < 1 year -	N/A			
	Income generation	-	N/A			
	Other employment opportunities		N/A			
	The CDM results in health and safety improvements as follows:					
	Reduction of diseases, disease prevention		N/A			
	Reduction of accidents	ICSs promote safe and secure working environments of kitchen workers.	Partly			
	Reduction of crime		N/A			
∞ _	Preservation of food		N/A			
Health & safety	Reducing health damaging indoor air pollution	While the project device household's end users are exposed to less fumes when using it, the stoves are used outdoor the majority of the time, weather permitting.	Slightly			
	Enhancement of health services		N/A			
	Improved sanitation and waste management		N/A			
	Other health and safety improvements		N/A			
	The CDM facilitates education, dissemination of information, research or increases awareness as follows:					
	Job related training	The monitoring team for this PoA receives proper training at onboarding and yearly basis, as evidenced to the periodic verification DOEs.	Highly			
Education	Enhanced educational services		N/A			
Educ	Project related knowledge dissemination		N/A			
	Other educational benefits	The project reduces the proportion of time rural women spend on unpaid domestic work related to collection of firewood, and cooking meals on inefficient traditional cookstoves. The time saved can then be applied elsewhere in economic or social pursuits.				
		nd working conditions as follows:				
	Improvement of working conditions		N/A			
Welfare	Community or rural upliftment	The project reduces the proportion of time rural women spend on unpaid domestic work related to collection of firewood, and cooking meals on inefficient traditional cookstoves. The time saved can then be applied elsewhere in economic or social pursuits.	Partly			
>	Poverty alleviation	As confirmed by the monitoring surveys, the use of stoves results in money savings for households (less biomass fuel needed)	Partly			
	Changes in distribution and/ or generation of income and assets		N/A			

Increased municipal revenues		N/A
Empowerment of women	The project reduces the proportion of time rural women spend on unpaid domestic work related to collection of firewood, and cooking meals on inefficient traditional cookstoves. The time saved can then be applied elsewhere in economic or social pursuits. Also, in Man and Man Enterprise, all women and men working in the same area of expertise have equal salaries as this can be verified in salary slips	Partly
Reduced traffic congestion		N/A
Other welfare benefits		N/A

C. Economic co-Benefits

	Indicator	Specification	Extent					
	The CDM supports economic development and/or stability as follows:							
	New investments		N/A					
	New industrial/commercial activities		N/A					
	New infrastructure		N/A					
Growth	Enhancement of productivity	Man and Man Enterprise (CPAs implementer, technology supplied and manufacturer) is a Ghanaian company located in Kumasi region, Ghana. The increased activity, since the start of the PoA, strenghtened the growth of the company, and permitted an extension of its production capacity.	Highly					
	Reduction of production costs (services)		N/A					
	New business opportunities		N/A					
	Other economic benefits		N/A					
	The CDM supports economic development and/or stability as follows:							
	Supply of energy		N/A					
_	Access to energy		N/A					
Energy	Affordability and/or reliability of energy	Ghanaians' primary energy source is biomass, and thanks to the use of Improved Cooking Stoves, less biomass fuel is needed.	Partly					
	Other improvements to energy		N/A					
	The CDM results in a change in technology as follows:							
	New imported technology		N/A					
ology sfer	New local technology	Program beneficiaries were relying on traditional stoves in baseline, and now use improved cooking devices as project stove.	Highly					
Technology transfer	Adaptation of new viable technologies		N/A					
	Know-how activities for a technology		N/A					
	Other technological benefits		N/A					

D. Further information:

E. Monitoring procedure of activity-level sustainable development co-benefits indicators

SDG Goal	SDG Goal description	SDG Indi- cator	SDG Indicator description	SD co-benefits Category	Activity-level sustainable development indicator	Baseline scenario description	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring Procedure
3	Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	3.9.1	By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination	B. Social co- benefits	Fraction of households attesting fewer smoke emissions while cooking with the project device	Households' exposure to smoke from traditional three-stones and coal pots with no improved combustion air supply or flue gas ventilation	Every monitoring period (at least annually)	Monitoring surveys, carried out periodically on a sample of the distribution database, include the following question: "Does the household experience less fumes during cooking events thanks to ICS?" allowing a % calculation of the proportion of households experiencing less exposition to fumes.
7	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	7.1.2	-17	C. Economic co- benefits	Number of households equipped with an improved cookstove	Targeted households use a combination of inefficient stoves	Every monitoring period (at least annually)	Calculated from the number of stoves distributed under this project activity (from databases for each CPA) multiplied by the percentage of operating devices obtained through monitoring surveys
8	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	8.5.2	Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	C. Economic co- benefits	Number of quality jobs created throughout the PoA lifecycle	No employment creation in the pre-project scenario	Every monitoring period (at least annually)	Quality job counts are monitored by sex, age (and disabilities if any), through review of employee records, training certificates, receipt of safety equipment purchase
13	Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	13.2.2	3	A. Environmental co-benefits	Amount of GHGs emissions avoided	No GHGs emissions avoidance in the pre- project scenario	Every monitoring period (at least annually)	Each monitoring period includes a quantification of GHG emission reductions and removals according to methodology, based on both available at validation and monitored data and parameters
15	Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss		proportion of total	A. Environmental co-benefits	Tonnes of woody biomass saved	No woody biomass savings in the pre-project scenario	Every monitoring period (at least annually)	Among the monitored parameters followed at each emission reduction calculation, B(y, savings,i,j) calculated through WBT and/or KPT, represents the quantity of woody biomass that is saved in tonnes per cookstove.